

RUHR-UNIVERSITÄT BOCHUM

# Analytic continuation in the K-matrix formalism

with symbolic computation using the ComPWA framework

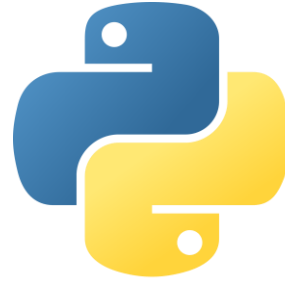
March 25th, 2024

K-matrix Day

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# Symbolic computations

Python

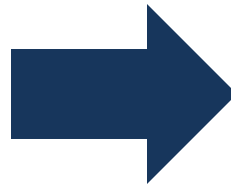


array-oriented programming

Computer algebra system



SymPy



Computational backends



## Benefits:

- Nice user experience
- Self-documenting and transparent workflow

[16]:

```
import sympy as sp  
  
s, m0, g0 = sp.symbols("s m0 g0")  
expression = g0**2 / (m0**2 - s)  
expression
```

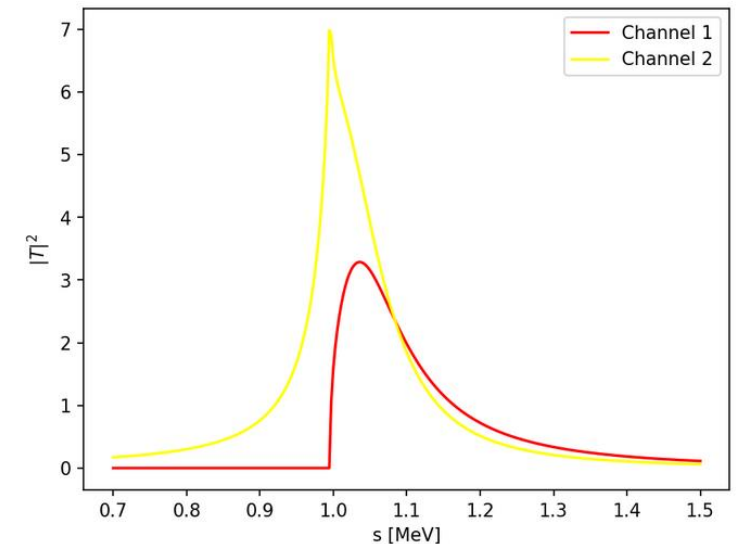
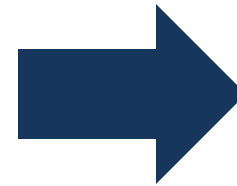
[16]:

$$\frac{g_0^2}{m_0^2 - s}$$

# Complex expansion

- Observables are real quantities
- Particle physics: Experimental data only for real values of  $s$

Lineshape to describe dynamical part of amplitude

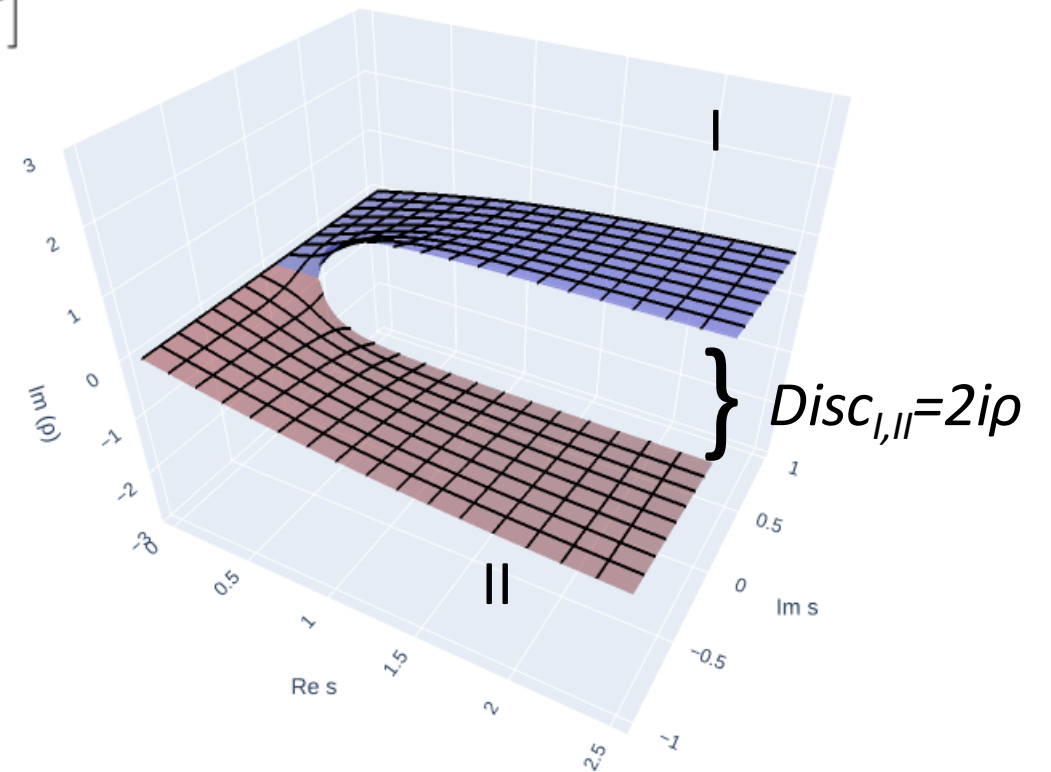
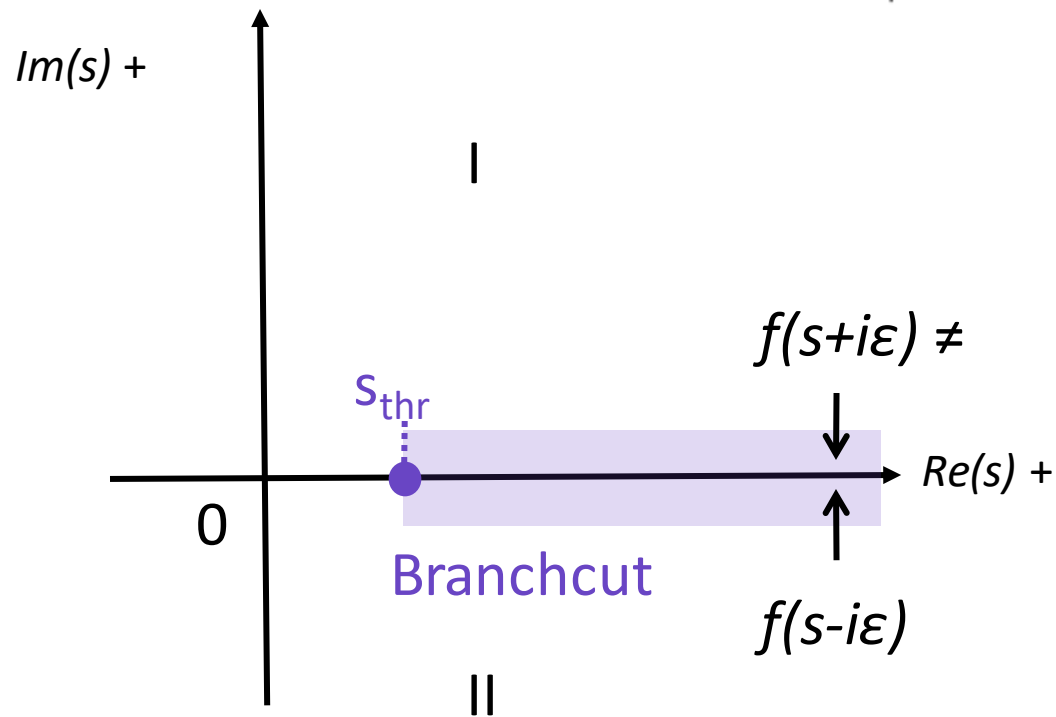


- **Problem:** Desired particle properties can not be extracted directly only using the information on the real plane
- **Idea:** Expand dynamics function to complex  $s$

# Riemann sheets of the $T$ matrix

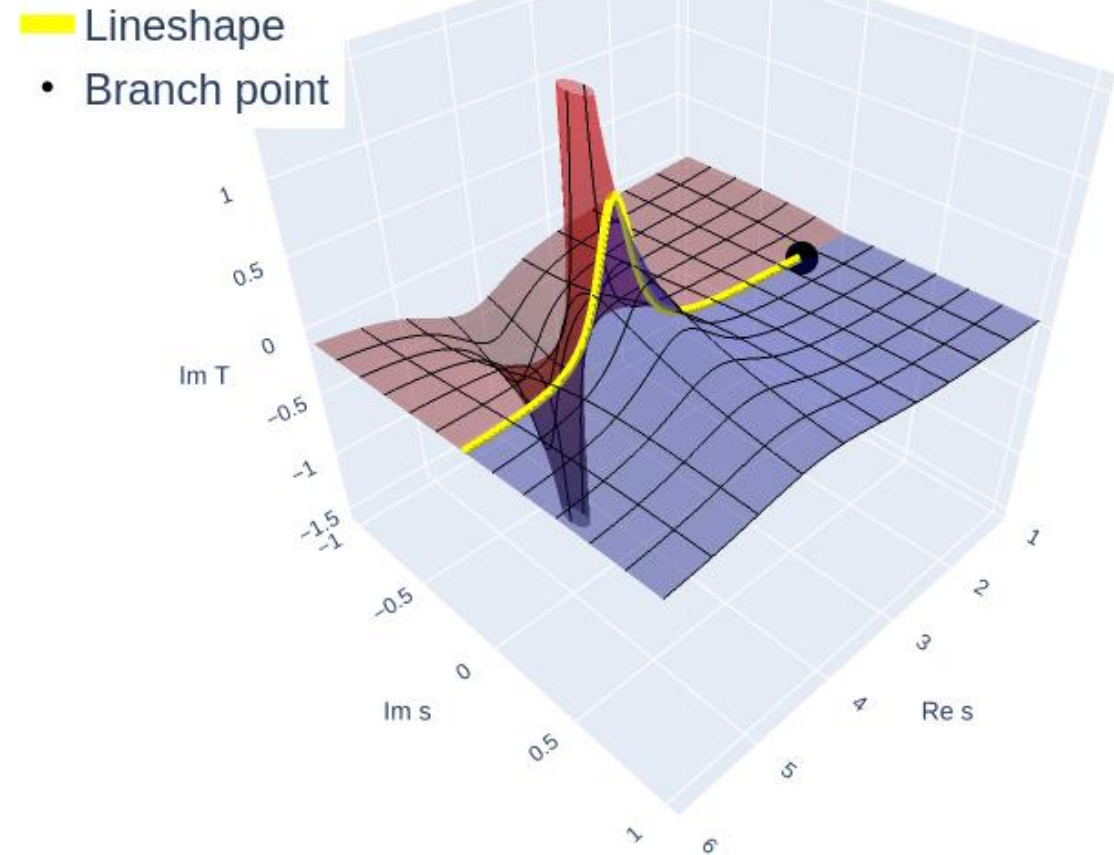
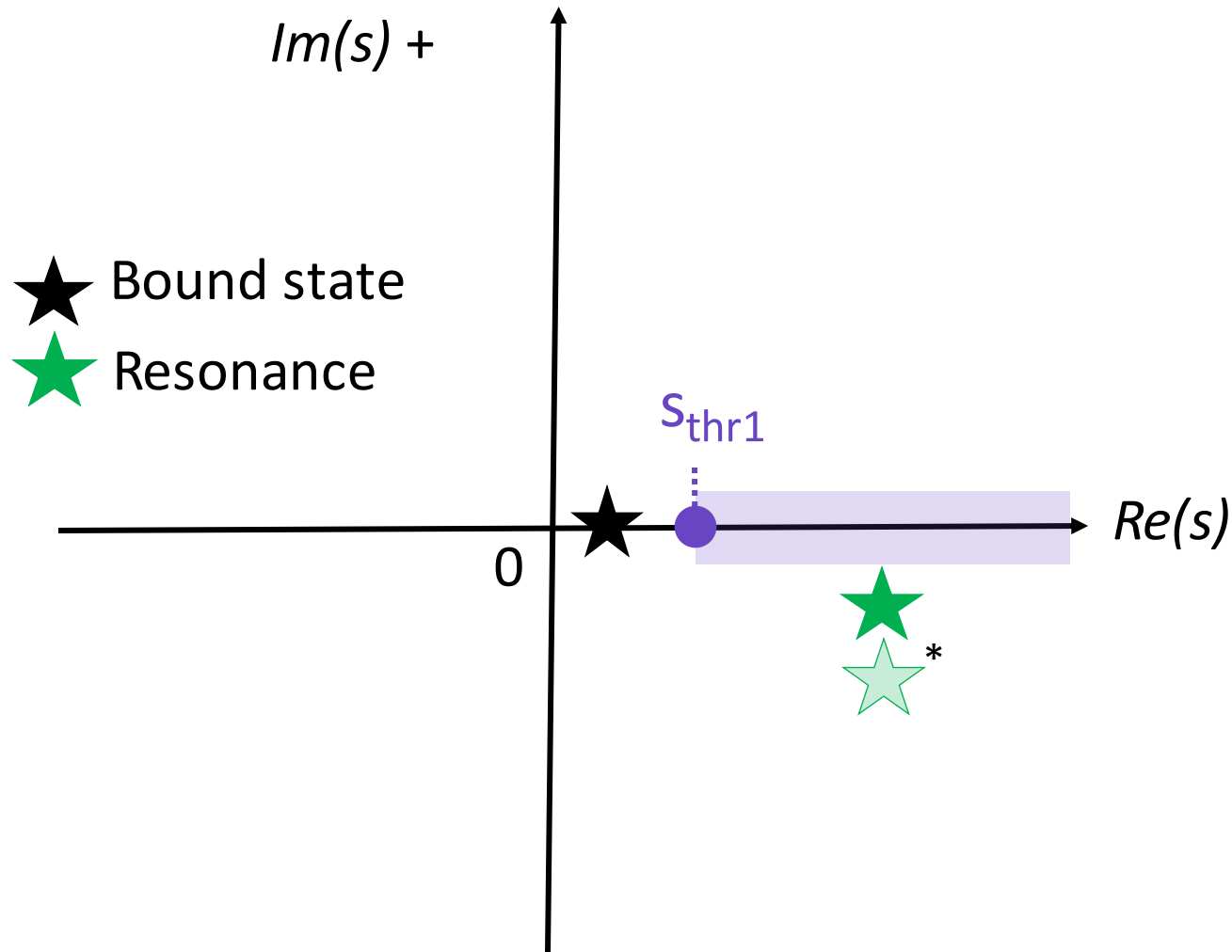
- Inherits topology of phasespace factor => multivalued function
- "Choice" of solution cuts the complex plane along the *branch cut*

$$\rho = \sqrt{\left[1 - \left(\frac{m_a + m_b}{m}\right)^2\right] \left[1 - \left(\frac{m_a - m_b}{m}\right)^2\right]}$$

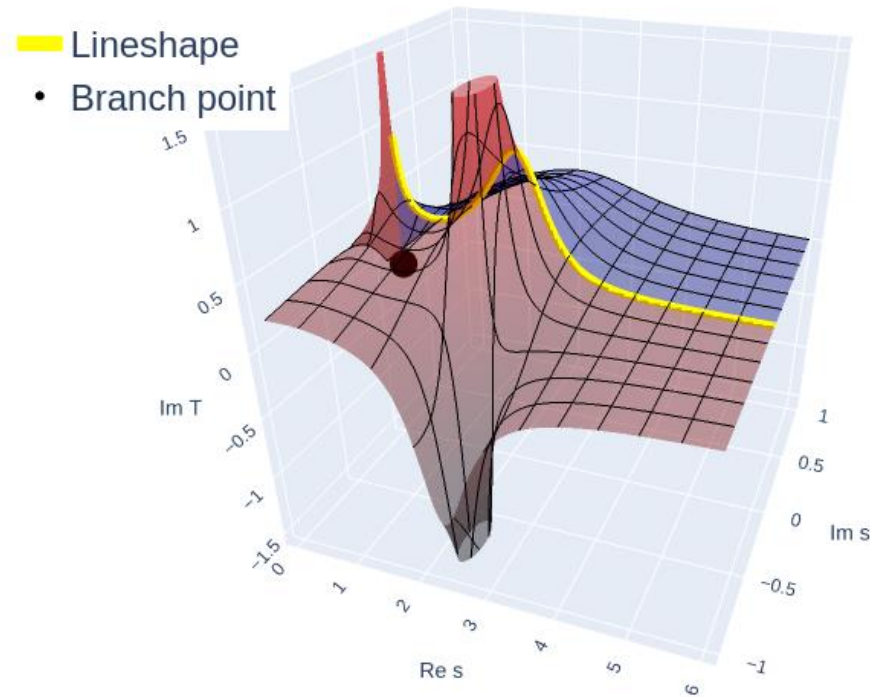




# Resonances in particle physics



# Violation of analyticity



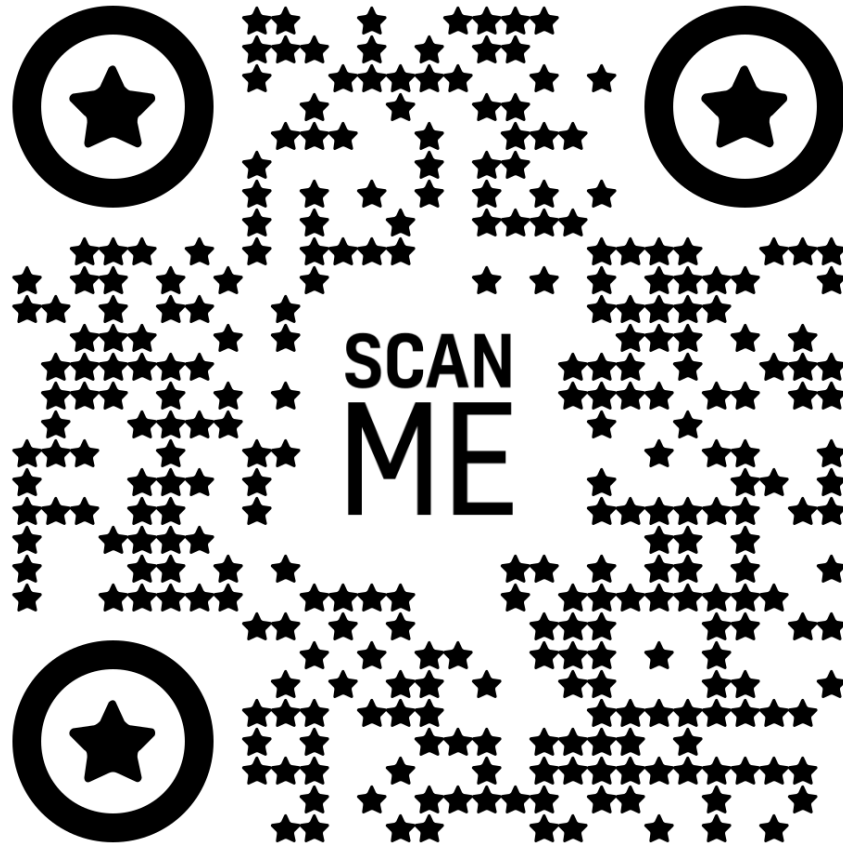
Singularity distorts lineshape

- **Idea:** Replace phase space factor by an analytic function

$$CM = \text{Im}(\rho)$$

**Chew Mandelstam function**

# Now finally a practical example!



<https://compwa.github.io/report/027>